1. 

What are the three possible names for the line shown?

2.

What are the four possible names for the angle shown?

3.

Can the ray shown be called $\overrightarrow{X Y}$ ?

4.

Name the sides of $\triangle$ RS.

5.
a. $\overline{\mathrm{AB}} \cap \overline{\mathrm{BC}}=$
b. $\overrightarrow{E C} \cup \overrightarrow{E A}=$
c. $\overleftrightarrow{A C} \cap \overleftrightarrow{D B}=$
d. $\overline{\mathrm{DC}} \cap \overline{\mathrm{AB}}=$
e. $\overrightarrow{A C} \cap \overrightarrow{E C}=$
f. $\overrightarrow{B A} \cup \overrightarrow{B C}=$
g. $\overline{\mathrm{EC}} \cup \overline{\mathrm{CB}} \cup \overline{\mathrm{BE}}=$

6.
a. Name $\angle O P R$ in all possible ways.
b. What is the vertex of $\angle$ TOS?
c. How many angles have vertex $R$ ?
d. Name $\angle$ TSP is all other possible ways.

e. How many $\Delta s$ are there in the figure?
7.

The figure on the left shows the reflection of the letter F over a line. Draw the reflections of the letters $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{A}$, and J over the line shown on the right.

8.
a. A line is made up of $\qquad$ .
b. An angle is the union of two $\qquad$ with a common $\qquad$ .
9.

Draw a number line and label point $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{H}$, and J with the coordinates $-4 \frac{2}{3}, 2,5$, and 3.5 respectively. One of these points is the midpoint (the halfway point) between two others. Which is it?
10.

Given a rectangle with sides 2.5 cm and 8.6 cm long, find
a. The rectangle's area
b. The rectangle's perimeter (the distance around it)
8.6 cm

11.
a. In $\Delta H J K, \overline{H J}$ is twice as long as $\overline{\mathrm{JK}}$ and exactly as long as $\overline{\mathrm{HK}}$. If the length of $\overline{\mathrm{HJ}}$ is $\mathbf{1 5}$, find the perimeter of $\Delta H J K$.
b. If the length of $\overline{\mathrm{HJ}}$ was 4 x , the length of $\overline{\mathrm{HK}}$ was 3 x , the length of $\overline{\mathrm{JK}}$ was 2 x , and the perimeter of $\Delta \mathrm{HJK}$ was 63 , what would be the length of HJ ?

12.

Draw a diagram in which $\overline{\mathrm{AB}} \cap \overline{\mathrm{CD}}=\overline{\mathrm{CB}}$
13.

Draw a diagram in which the intersection of $\angle A E F$ and $\angle D P C$ is $\overrightarrow{E D}$.
14.
a. What percentage of the $\Delta \mathbf{s}$ in the diagram have $\overline{\mathrm{CT}}$ as a side?
b. What percentage have $\overline{\mathrm{AC}}$ as a side?


